#### COURSE OUTCOME

DEPARTMENT: HISTORY

HANDIQUE GIRLS' COLLEGE

FYUGP 1<sup>ST</sup> SEMESTER: HISTORY (MAJOR AND MINOR)

PAPER NAME :( HISTORY 1/1)History of India (Up to 1206 CE ) Credit :4

Course Outcome	Units and Topics as per the	Bloom's Taxonomy Domain
	syllabus	
<ol> <li>Students will be able to understand about the state system of North India.</li> <li>They will understand about the Development of Imperial state structure.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Sources for reconstructing Ancient History</li> <li>Harappan Civilization</li> <li>Vedic culture: early and later vedic Periods.</li> </ul>	Remembering, understanding, analysis, evaluation and the applications are purely based on Students Parts.  Our students have showed their success in the result conducted
<ul> <li>3. It will also help the students to know about the state formation system of South India.</li> <li>4. They will be able to relate the changes and transformations in the polity of Hindustan.</li> <li>5. They can also form the linkages through the contacts with the outside world.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Second urbanization:         Mahajanapadas</li> <li>Religious movement in         North India: Buddhism         and Jainism</li> <li>The Mauryas: Society,         Polity, Asokas Dharma</li> <li>Greek Invasion</li> <li>Political Development:         Sungas, Kushanas,         Kharavelas, Satavahanas.</li> <li>Sangam age</li> <li>The Gupta Empire</li> <li>Post Gupta period: land         grant Economy</li> <li>Harshavardhan:         Samanta system</li> <li>Emergence of Rajput in         North India</li> <li>Cholas, Rastrakutas,         Chalukyas of Badami</li> <li>Arabs:Ghaznavids and         Ghoris.</li> </ul>	by the G U. as well as in other competitive examination.

#### COURSE OUTCOME

SECOND SEMESTER: HISTORY 1/1 (Major and Minor)

PAPER NAME: History of India (1206-1757 CE) HIS 0200104

Course outcome	Unit and Topics as per Syllabus	Bloom's Taxonomy Domains
*Explain the political transition that took place under the sultanate and the Mughals and how it changed the geo political structure between 1206-1757  *Identify the regional kingdoms and analyse their administration and polity.  • Explain the formation of different pre modern states apart from sultanate and Mughals during this period along with their administrative system, Political ideologies, legitimation, and and the institution of Kingship	<ul> <li>Conceptualising         MEDIEVAL Indian History         : Sources</li> <li>Persian Tarikh Tradition</li> <li>Foreign Accounts,         Vernacular literature.</li> <li>Regional History writing         BAKKHARS,         BURANJIS,KHYATS.</li> <li>Foundation and         consolidation and         expansion of the         sultanate</li> <li>Theories of Kingship,         Nobality, KHILIFA, and         ulemas.</li> <li>Administration and IQTA         SYSTEM</li> <li>LOdis and battle of         Panipath</li> <li>RAJPUTS origin and         Polity MEWAR         ,MARWAR, AMBER.</li> <li>Sher shah Suri and his         Administration.</li> <li>Vijay nagar and Bahmani         Kingdom.</li> <li>Gajapatis of Orissa,         Gujarat , Malwa         sultanate, Jaunpur,         Bengal, Kashmir         sultanate</li> </ul>	Remembering, understanding, analysis, application, evaluation

#### THIRD SEMESTER FYUGP

#### COURSE OUTCOME (Major and MINOR)

PAPER NAME: HISTORY OF INDIA(c.1757 to 1947 CE)

COURSE OUTCOME	UNIT WISE TOPIC OF THE	BLOOM'S TAXONOMY DOMAIN
	SYLLABUS	
<ul> <li>Explain the major factors that led to the establishment and consolidation of British rule in India.</li> <li>Identify the events, personalities and the process that led to the development of resistance against British colonial rule and eventual growth of Indian Nationalist Movement, that ultimately led to the end of the British rule in the country.</li> </ul>	*Political condition of in post Mughal period and rise of regional power. European trading companies in India.  • The battle of Plassey and the battle of Buxar.  • Robert Clive and Dual administration  • Expantion and consolidation of British rule under Warren Hasting and Lord Cornwallis.  • British relation with Marathas and Mysore  • Lord Wellesley and the policy of Subsidiary alliance.  • Lord Hardings and relation with Indian state  • The growth and expansion of Sikh Power under Ranjit singh  • Lord Dalhousie and his policy of expansion  • War against Afghanistan and Burma  • Colonial state and policies of govt  • The Revolt of 1857  • The growth of national awakening in India and establishment of Indian National Congress  • Lord Curzon and Partition of Bengal	Remembering , understanding, analysis, evaluation, and application.
	swadeshi Movement	

<ul> <li>Gandhi and Indian         Politics     </li> <li>The growth of left         Muslim league         Communal Politics of     </li> </ul>	
India ● The Quit India	
movement and the	
Partition of India.	

## **Course outcome**

**Department: History** 

Handique Girls' College

FYUGP 4<sup>th</sup> Semester History (Major)

Paper Name: (History 1/4) History of Assam (upto 1826) (Credit:4)

Course Outcome	Units and Topics per the	Bloom's Taxonomy
	syllabus	Domain
After completion of this course a student will be able to:  • Explain in general outline of the Assam from earliest times to the advent of the British.  • Identify major events and personalities in the political history of Assam from the earliest times to the occupation of Assam by the English East India Company	<ul> <li>Unit I:</li> <li>A survey of the sources.</li> <li>Land and people.</li> <li>Unit II:</li> <li>The kingdom of Pragjyostisha-Kamarupa.</li> <li>Political dynasties</li> <li>Administration</li> <li>Political condition of Assam in the Post-Pala period</li> <li>Disintegration of the kingdom of Kamarupa</li> <li>Turko-Afghan invasions</li> <li>Kamata, Chutiya, Kachari, and the Koch kingdom; the Bara Bhuyans</li> </ul>	This course encourages students to engage in higher-order thinking and apply their learning creatively and critically.

	Unit IV	
	• Foundation of the	
	Ahom kingdom by	
	Sukapha	
	• Expansion and	
	consolidation of the	
	Ahom Kingdom	
	Ahom-Mughal	
	conflict	
	• Ahom system of	
	administration	
Un	it:V	
	<ul> <li>Decline and fall of</li> </ul>	
	the Ahom Kingdom:	
	the Moamariya	
	Rebellion	
	Rebellion	
	Rebellion  • Burmese Invasions	
	Rebellion  Burmese Invasions  Ahom policy towards	
	<ul><li>Rebellion</li><li>Burmese Invasions</li><li>Ahom policy towards the Hill tribes</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>Rebellion</li> <li>Burmese Invasions</li> <li>Ahom policy towards the Hill tribes</li> <li>The English East</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Rebellion</li> <li>Burmese Invasions</li> <li>Ahom policy towards the Hill tribes</li> <li>The English East India Company in</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Rebellion</li> <li>Burmese Invasions</li> <li>Ahom policy towards the Hill tribes</li> <li>The English East India Company in Assam Politics</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Rebellion</li> <li>Burmese Invasions</li> <li>Ahom policy towards the Hill tribes</li> <li>The English East India Company in Assam Politics</li> <li>Treaty of Yandaboo</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Rebellion</li> <li>Burmese Invasions</li> <li>Ahom policy towards the Hill tribes</li> <li>The English East India Company in Assam Politics</li> </ul>	

#### **Course outcome**

**Department: History** 

Handique Girls' College

FYUGP 4<sup>th</sup> Semester History (Major)

Paper Name: (History ¾) History: Concepts and ideas (Credit:4)

Course Outcome	Units and Topics per the	Bloom's Taxonomy
	syllabus	Domain
After completion of this	History: Nature and	This course encourages
course a student will be able	Scope	students to engage in higher-
to:	• Categorisation of	order thinking and apply

<ul> <li>Explain the concepts, scope and subject matter of History</li> <li>Compare and contrast History with other</li> </ul>	History  • History and other Disciplines  • Traditions of Historical writing	their learning creatively and critically.
<ul> <li>disciplines</li> <li>Analyse the traditions of historical writing</li> <li>Evaluate critical issues relating to the subject of History</li> </ul>	Issues in Historical understanding	

#### 4<sup>™</sup> SEMESTER FYUGP

PAPER: SOCIAL FORMATION AND CULTURAL PATTERNS OF THE ANCIENT AND MEDIEVAL WORLD

### HISTORY 2/4

COURSE OUTCOME	UNIT : TOPICS AS PER SYLLABUS	BLOOMS 'TAXONOMY DOMAIN
After completion of this course	<ul> <li>Civilization: The Nile</li> </ul>	Understanding and
students will able to learn::::	Valley, Mesopotamia,	remembering after that
	and China	through evaluation, judge the
<ul> <li>Describe some of the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The Maya civilization,</li> </ul>	students.
most significant events	The Incas , The Aztecs.	
and societies of pre	<ul> <li>Polity , Economy, and</li> </ul>	
modern period	social life and activities.	
#= 1 · · · · · · ·	<ul> <li>Ancient Greece and</li> </ul>	
*Explain political events	Roman Empire	
relating to the ancient Greece	Evolution of the POLIS	
city states and Rome.	and changing political	
Analysis the complexities	formations in ancient	
<ul> <li>Analysis the complexities of historical forces in</li> </ul>	Greece: Athens and	
west Asia and the rise of	Sparta.	
Islam	Slavery in the Ancient     State and Bassac Wards	
1314111	Greek and Roman World	
	<ul> <li>Greek culture- Science and Philosophy, religion,</li> </ul>	
	art, and architecture.	
	The late Roman world,	
	The Arabs	
	Religion in the late	
	Roman Empire, Judaism	
	and Christianity	
	<ul> <li>Spread of Christianity,</li> </ul>	
	evelopment of the	
	Catholic church.	

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# $4^{\text{TH}}$ SEMESTER FYUGP ( HISTORY 4/4 )

PAPER NAME: SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC HISTORY OF INDIA (UP TO 1206)

#### COURSE OUTCOME

COURSE OUTCOME	UNITS : TOPICS AS PER SYLLABUS	BLOOMS' TAXONOMY DOMAIN
Students will be able to learn :	3122.033	Understanding, remembering,
Students will be able to learn.	Pre history to Proto –History	Creativity, Analysis, Evaluation .
. Fundain in general		Creativity, Analysis, Evaluation .
Explain in general	*Hunting and Gathering	
outline the economic	Societies- Paliolathic	
history of early India	*Advent of Food Production-	
*	Neolithic culture	
* Analyse the phases of	*First urbanization- Harappan	
development of economy from	culture-Agriculture, Craft,Trade,	
pastoral to settled Agriculture.	Societies, Religion and Art	
	* Transation from Mixed	
<ul> <li>Identify major factors</li> </ul>	Pastoral Economy to settled	
that influence society	Agriculture (1500-500 BCE)	
and religion.	*Second urbanization in the	
*Appreciate art and architecture	Ganga Valley- Agriculture, craft,	
of Ancient India.	Trade, Society and labour.	
	*State controlled economy of	
	The Mauryas.	
	* Post Mauryan Economy.	
	*Emergence of social	
	Stratification –VARNA< JATI<	
	VARNA ASHRAMAS DHARMA	
	. Untouchability, Gender	
	Relations.	
	*Emergence of Spread of Jainism	
	, Buddhism and other religious	
	Sects	
	* Puranic Religion  * amargance and development	
	* emergence and development of BhaktiMovement	
	* land grant, Changing	
	Production relation, Graded land	
	rights and Peasantry, Debates on	
	Indian Feudalism	
	* patternsof Trade, Currency and	
	Urban settlement	
	* land grant economy in south	
	India Brahmadayas Agraharas ,	

Temple Economy (cholas) *Liteature-Survay of Sanskrit, Pali, Pakrit and Tamil. Art and Architecture Mauryas, Post Mauryas, Guptas, Post Guptas Evolution of regional	
style *	